spirits in bulk containers are withdrawn from customs custody and transferred to the bonded premises of a distilled spirits plant without payment of the tax imposed on imported distilled spirits by 26 U.S.C. 5001, the person operating the bonded premises of the distilled spirits plant to which spirits are transferred shall become liable for the tax on the spirits upon their release from customs custody, and the importer shall thereupon be relieved of liability for the tax.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1318, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5005); sec. 3, Pub. L. 90–630, 82 Stat. 1328, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5232); sec. 3, Pub. L. 91–659, 84 Stat. 1965, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5066))

§ 19.25 Time for tax determination.

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the tax on spirits shall be determined when the spirits are withdrawn from bond. The tax on spirits which are to be withdrawn from bonded premises shall be determined upon completion of the gauge for determination of tax and before withdrawal from bonded premises.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat 1320, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5006))

§ 19.26 Tax on wine.

(a) Imposition of tax. A tax is imposed by 26 U.S.C. 5041 or 7652 on wine (including imitation, substandard, or artificial wine, and compounds sold as wine) produced in or imported or brought into the United States. Proprietors of distilled spirits plants may become liable for wine taxes under 26 U.S.C. 5362(b)(3) in connection with wine transferred in bond to a distilled spirits plant. Wine may not be removed from the bonded premises of a distilled spirits plant for consumption or sale as wine.

(b) Liability for tax. Except as otherwise provided by law, the liability for tax on wine transferred in bond from a bonded wine cellar to a distilled spirits plant, or transferred in bond between distilled spirits plants, will continue

until the wine is used in a distilled spirits product.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1331, as amended, 1380, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5041, 5362))

[T.D. ATF-297, 55 FR 18062, Apr. 30, 1990; 55 FR 23634, June 11, 1990]

ASSESSMENTS

§19.31 Production not accounted for.

Where the appropriate TTB officer finds that a distiller has not accounted for all spirits produced by him, assessment shall be made for the tax on the difference between the quantity reported and the quantity found to have been actually produced.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1320, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5006))

§ 19.32 Assessment of tax on spirits, denatured spirits, or wines in bond which are lost, destroyed or removed without authorization.

When spirits, denatured spirits, or wines in bond are lost or destroyed (except spirits, denatured spirits, or wines on which the tax is not collectible by reason of the provisions of 26 U.S.C. 5008 (a) or (d) or 26 U.S.C. 5370, as applicable) and the proprietor or other person liable for the tax on the spirits, denatured spirits, or wines fails to file a claim for remission as provided in §19.41(a) or when the claim is denied, the tax shall be assessed. In any case where spirits, denatured spirits, or wines in bond are removed from bonded premises other than as authorized by law, the tax shall be assessed. In the case of losses under circumstances described in 26 U.S.C. 5006(b) with respect to packages of spirits or denatured spirits on bonded premises, the tax shall be assessed if the tax is not paid upon the demand of the appropriate TTB officer.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1320, as amended, 1323, as amended, 1381, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5006, 5008, 5370))

EFFECTIVE TAX RATES

SOURCE: Sections 19.34 through 19.38 added by T.D. ATF-297, 55 FR 18062, Apr. 30, 1990, unless otherwise noted.